The Two Banditos: SLAP Lesion Shoulder and Labral Tear Hip

Dr. Arno Smit - WROSC Hazelmere Golf and Country Club April 11, 2013

- Increasing interest in non-arthroplasty hip issues.
- Clinical concepts advancing based on better imaging, increasing use of arthroscopy.
- Less acceptance of hip dysfunction.
- In years past: emphasis on replacement surgery

- Analogies between hip and shoulder go back at least to Henry's description of anatomy (2nd edition 1957)
- Rough conceptual mapping
- Rotator cuff shoulder ~ abductors hip
- Deltoid shoulder ~ Glut max / fascia lata / TFLA
- Labrum ~ labrum
- But: glenoid is shallow <-> acetabulum is deep

- Hip arthroscopy in 2013 similar in maturity to shoulder arthroscopy in late 1990's
- Will catch up very fast
- Will most likely overshoot and correct

 Common focus is femoro-acetabular impingement → bump on femoral neck impinging on acetabular rim, leading to labral fraying, delamination of cartilage and subsequent osteoarthritis

Bump or cam deformity as incidental finding



- Hip arthroscopy is a rapidly moving field
- Key opinion leader player is Canadian surgeon Marc Philippon, Vale, Co
- Has outspoken opinion on function of labrum of hip
- Sees this as a key structure, maintaining a suction seal
- Loss of integrity of labrum sets up the hip for future deterioration

Shoulder

- Shoulder arthroscopy is more mature
- Rate of change is less than in hip arthroscopy
- Early concepts have already been debated and/or revised
- Controversy continues unabatedly

Pathology vs Normal Variant?

- Anatomy did not arise from text book
- Text books arose from anatomy observations
- Concepts are re-evaluated from time to time
 - MRI / Ultrasound etc
 - arthroscopy
 - anatomy labs

Pathology vs Normal Variant

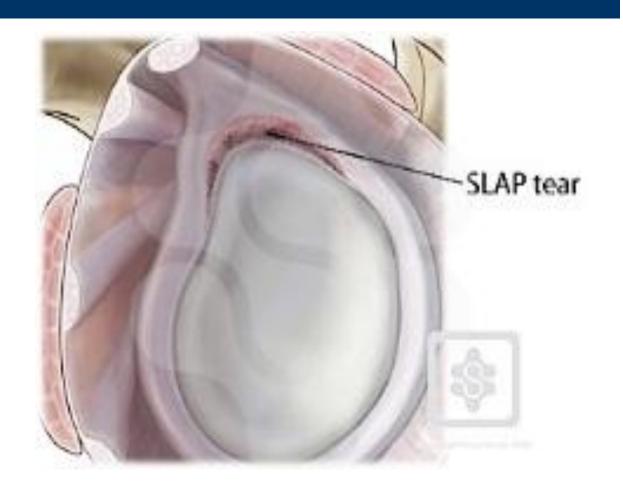
- Wave of enthusiasm → retreat
- Early knee arthroscopy → medial plica
- Many unnecessary excisions
- Live and learn!

Pathology vs Normal Variant

- Early shoulder arthroscopy
 labral non-adherence, mainly anterosuperiorly
 over-diagnosed as pathologic wide variety of normal variants
- SLAP lesion

 disruption of biceps anchor, superior labrum
- Pathology vs non-pathology not always easy

SLAP Tear



SLAP tear



SLAP tear

- Sudden force through shoulder can disrupt biceps anchor
- Pain may fluctuate in severity
- Role of biceps tendon as pain generator remains under debate
- Opinion leaders: Dr. S. Snyder

Dr. S. Burkhart

SLAP tear

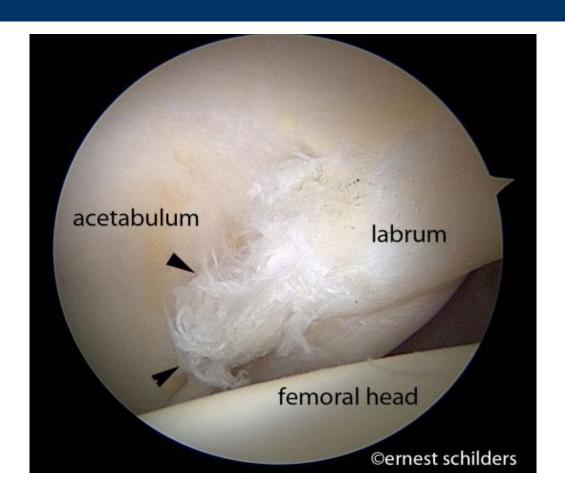
Treatment:

Once conservative treatment failed → debridement, repair or tenotomy and tenodesis

Pathology vs normal variant

- Hip arthroscopy:
- Labral tear mainly antero-superiorly
- Considered pathological
- Yet, common finding in asymptomatic hips
- Assessment requires judgement

Hip - labral tear



Hip – labral tear

- Treatment:
- Once conservative treatment failed >
 debridement or repair, possibly with femoral osteoplasty

MRI vs Arthroscopy: Gold standard?

- 'MRI arthrogram of hip and shoulder 85-90% accurate' → against what?
- Video clips of antero-superior shoulder anatomy → poor consensus between orthopaedic surgeons
- Clinical implications of finding a disruption >
 numerator vs denominator approach

Amidst the confusion, they grab the gold...

- Tendency noted to minimize biceps anchor pathology and hip labrum pathology in medical experts retained by ICBC
- MRI arthrogram portrayed as 'fishing expedition'

...and tailed it down, all the way to Mexico

- Liberal, but imprecise, use of statistical terms
- May cause unnecessary difficulties for personal injury victims / plaintiffs

The posse...

- History and clinical exam, X-rays, first
- Differential diagnosis establishes 'a priori' probability
- Subsequent imaging or other studies → not part of fishing expedition
- Subsequent findings at surgery and surgical intervention → better foundation

The crowd...

- Similar issues:
- tendon tears and tendinopathy ->
 rotator cuff, hip abductors, tennis elbow,
 achilles tendinopathy, etc
- degenerative joint changes ->
 pre-existing, albeit asymptomatic (or less symptomatic) arthritis

Discussion

- Ongoing debate re SLAP and labral lesions
- Medical probability vs legal probability
- Pain generator -> proof of concept
 - → acute vs chronic
- Definite statements are circumspect (!)
- May see a fair bit of downplaying of findings at MRI or surgery

Conclusion

- SLAP lesions and labral lesions →
- Remain subject of ongoing debate
- Strong opinion leaders identified
- Plaintiffs' interested to be safeguarded
- Trivializing injury of the labrum of hip and/or shoulder has been noted and should be recognized as such when applicable